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## **Supplemental Material**

# **Estimated Costs of Sporadic Gastrointestinal Illness Associated with Surface Water Recreation: A Combined Analysis of Data from NEEAR and CHEERS Studies**

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Table S1: Categorical responses to the amount of money spent on over-the-counter (OTC) or prescription medications for NEEAR participants with gastrointestinal symptoms from 2003–2004

<b>Categories of OTC Costs (\$)</b>	<b>Midpoint OTC cost (\$) (imputed value)</b>	<b>Categories of Prescription Costs (\$)</b>	<b>Midpoint prescription cost (\$) (imputed value)</b>
0–10.00	5.00	0–25.00	12.5
11.00–25.00	18.00	26.00–50.00	38.00
26.00–50.00	38.00	51.00–75.00	63.00
51.00–75.00	63.00	76.00–100.00	88.00
76.00–100.00	88.00	101.00–150.00	125.50
101.00–150.00	125.50	151.00–200.00	175.50
151.00–200.00	175.50	>200.00	250.00
>200.00	250.00	--	--

Table S2: Estimated patient information to be used to estimate cost of illness

Parameter	Probability (CI) <sup>a</sup>
<b><i>Uninsured status</i></b> <sup>b</sup>	
(Probability being uninsured (90% CI))	
Total	0.159 (0.157, 0.161)
By age category	
under 18	0.112 (0.109, 0.115)
18–24	0.306 (0.299, 0.313)
25–34	0.264 (0.258, 0.300)
35–44	0.188 (0.183, 0.193)
45–64	0.145 (0.142, 0.148)
≥65	0.130 (0.110, 0.150)
<b><i>Patient Type</i></b> <sup>c</sup>	
New	0.171 (0.168, 0.173)
Established	0.829 (0.827, 0.832)
<b><i>Emergency Department Test and Procedures</i></b> <sup>d</sup>	
Electrolyte panel	0.189 (0.113, 0.264)
Blood Glucose	0.189 (0.113, 0.264)
Renal Function	0.189 (0.113, 0.264)
Complete Blood Count (CBC)	0.189 (0.113, 0.264)
Urinalysis	0.132 (0.070, 0.200)
Urine Pregnancy Test <sup>e</sup>	0.650 (0.001, 0.127)
Stool Culture	0.280 (0.000, 0.600)
Intravenous (IV) Hydration Infusion	0.104 (0.004, 0.163)

<sup>a</sup> 95% CIs are provided, unless otherwise specified

<sup>b</sup> DeNavas-Walt et al. 2006

<sup>c</sup> Hing et al. 2010

<sup>d</sup> 2010 Illinois Hospital Discharge Database (IHDD 2010), among those in emergency departments with GI symptoms (ICD-9-CM: 009, 008.8)

<sup>e</sup> Assessed among females 13–55

Table S3: Full model for the relationship between Acute Gastrointestinal Illness (AGI) and water contact, among participants in the NEEAR study

Covariate	Level	Odds Ratio (95% CI)	Standard Error
<b>Any water contact (ref=No)</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>1.64 (1.39, 1.94)</b>	<b>0.139</b>
Age (ref=20-54)	0-10	1.04 (0.87, 1.26)	0.099
	11-19	0.75 (0.61, 0.94)	0.084
	55+	0.74 (0.55, 1.00)	0.112
Sex (ref=male)	Female	1.16 (1.01, 1.34)	0.082
Race (ref=white)	Black	0.93 (0.67, 1.28)	0.151
	Asian	0.67 (0.33, 1.36)	0.243
	American Indian/Alaskan Native	0.94 (0.23, 3.85)	0.676
	Hispanic	1.08 (0.85, 1.37)	0.131
	Multi-race	0.22 (0.05, 0.89)	0.156
	Other	1.08 (0.55, 2.12)	0.373
Chronic GI condition (ref=No)	Yes	1.94 (1.40, 2.68)	0.321
Contact with someone with GI illness (ref=No)	Yes	2.02 (1.67, 2.44)	0.195
Ingest raw meat (ref=No)	Yes	1.45 (1.18, 1.78)	0.154
Ingest raw/runny eggs (ref=No)	Yes	0.91 (0.64, 1.29)	0.163
Ingest shellfish (ref=No)	Yes	0.85 (0.57, 1.25)	0.167
Contact with familiar animals (ref=No)	Yes	1.27 (1.05, 1.51)	0.117
Contact with unknown/unfamiliar animals (ref=No)	Yes	1.15 (0.94, 1.41)	0.119
Wash hands prior to eating/drinking (ref=No)	Yes	0.67 (0.36, 1.24)	0.210
Dig in Sand (ref=No)	Yes	1.28 (1.09, 1.49)	0.101
Recreation during follow- up (ref=No)	Yes	0.88 (0.76, 1.02)	0.065
Frequency of water recreation annually (ref=0- 2 times)	2-4 times	1.07 (0.91, 1.26)	0.089
	5 times or more	1.18 (1.00, 1.41)	0.103
Beach (ref=Beach 1)	Beach 2	0.89 (0.62, 1.28)	0.163
	Beach 3	0.50 (0.34, 0.73)	0.096
	Beach 4	0.93 (0.67, 1.31)	0.160
	Beach 5	0.55 (0.41, 0.74)	0.084
	Beach 6	0.75 (0.53, 1.04)	0.128
	Beach 7	0.76 (0.55, 1.02)	0.122

Table S4 Full model for the relationship between Acute Gastrointestinal Illness (AGI) and water contact, among participants in the CHEERS study

Covariate	Level	Odds Ratio (95% CI)	Standard Error
<b>Any water contact (ref=No)</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>1.32 (1.04, 1.68)</b>	<b>0.160</b>
Age (ref=20-54)	0-10	0.54 (0.33, 0.90)	0.140
	11-19	0.86 (0.62, 1.20)	0.145
	55+	0.50 (0.35, 0.71)	0.089
Sex (ref=male)	Female	1.29 (1.06, 1.59)	0.136
Race (ref=white)	Black	1.91 (1.38, 2.64)	0.315
	Hispanic	1.35 (0.93, 1.95)	0.253
	American Indian	1.84 (0.43, 7.85)	1.362
	Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0.71 (0.10, 5.23)	0.724
	Asian	0.84 (0.50, 1.39)	0.218
	Other Race	1.82 (1.04, 3.20)	0.524
	Mixed Race	1.70 (0.85, 3.42)	0.606
Chronic GI condition (ref=No)	Yes	1.94 (1.31, 2.86)	0.385
Average bowel movements per day		1.32 (1.14, 1.53)	0.099
Diabetes (ref=No)	Yes	1.61 (0.95, 2.72)	0.430
Prone to Infection (ref=No)	Yes	0.88 (0.47, 1.64)	0.281
Contact with someone with GI illness (ref=No)	Yes	1.32 (0.85, 2.07)	0.303
Ingest raw meat (ref=No)	Yes	1.11 (0.69, 1.79)	0.270
Ingest hamburger (ref=No)	Yes	1.16 (0.92, 1.45)	0.132
Ingest fresh produce	Yes	0.85 (0.62, 1.17)	0.138
Ingest pre-packaged sandwich	Yes	1.46 (1.01, 2.13)	0.279
Ingest raw/runny eggs (ref=No)	Yes	1.21 (0.77, 1.91)	0.283
Ingest shellfish (ref=No)	Yes	1.02 (0.68, 1.54)	0.214
Contact with dog/cat (ref=No)	Yes	0.97 (0.78, 1.20)	0.106
Contact with other animals (ref=No)	Yes	1.26 (0.88, 1.81)	0.231
Wash hands prior to eating/drinking (ref=No)	Yes	1.62 (0.69, 3.78)	0.701
Antibiotics past 7 days (ref=No)	Yes	1.06 (0.66, 1.72)	0.261
Antacid use past 7 days (ref=No)	Yes	1.24 (0.87, 1.78)	0.226
Recreation during follow-up (ref=No)	Yes	0.97 (0.77, 1.21)	0.111
Frequency of water recreation annually (ref=0-4 times)	5-10 times	1.15 (0.82, 2.07)	0.203
	11 times or more	0.87 (0.63, 1.21)	0.145

Table S5: Costs attributable to water recreation (2007 USD), marine versus freshwater recreators in NEEAR

<b>Cost of Illness Level</b>	<b>Acute Gastrointestinal Illness, 0-3 days: Fresh</b>	<b>Acute Gastrointestinal Illness, 0-3 days: Marine</b>	<b>Kruskal- Wallis pvalue</b>
Costs attributable to water recreation per 1,000 water recreators (\$), Low cost assumption	365.94 (258.40-457.16)	611.61 (418.47-740.36)	0.0164
Costs attributable to water recreation per 1,000 water recreators (\$), Medium cost assumption	1,510.06 (1,066.28-1,886.50)	2,145.89 (1,468.24-2,597.66)	0.0285
Costs attributable to water recreation per 1,000 water recreators (\$), High cost assumption	2,449.06 (1,729.33-3,059.59)	3,601.78 (2,464.38-4,360.05)	0.0215

3,518 marine water recreators in; 14,053 fresh water recreators

Table S6: Reported mean costs per case of gastrointestinal and other related illnesses (2007 USD)

Type	Details	Original Cost	Cost in 2007 USD <sup>a</sup>	Reference
Acute Gastrointestinal Illness	Swimming/wading, Medium Assumptions:		\$160.79	Current study, medium level costs
Acute Gastrointestinal Illness	incidental-contact, Medium Assumptions:		\$181.71	Current study, medium level costs
GI, recreational		\$36.58	\$42.83	Dwight et al. 2005
GI, <i>Cryptosporidium</i> , drinking water	Mild illness: Moderate illness: Severe Illness:	\$116.00 \$475.00 \$7,808.00	\$166.45 \$681.57 \$11,203.64	Corso et al.2003
Community GI		A\$18.08	\$17.73	Hellard et al. 2003
Intestinal Infectious Disease	No physician consult: Physician consult: Hospitalization:	\$215.00 \$348.00 \$3,038.00	\$414.30 \$670.59 \$5,854.14	Garthright et al. 1988
Community GI		Can\$1,089.00	\$1,057.77	Majowicz et al. 2006
GI, foodborne	Basic model assumptions <sup>b</sup> : Enhanced model <sup>c</sup> :	\$1,068.00 \$1,626.00	\$1,032.18 \$1,571.47	Scharff, 2011
GI, STEC <sup>d</sup>	GI only: HUS <sup>e</sup> : ESRD <sup>f</sup> :	€126.00 €25,713.00 €1,223,998.00	\$179.08 \$36,545.08 \$1,739,629.95	Tariq et al., 2011

<sup>a</sup> Published costs converted to US dollars. All adjusted to 2007 USD.

<sup>b</sup> Lost productivity calculated using the daily wage

<sup>c</sup> Monetized quality adjusted life year (QALY), replaced daily wage

<sup>d</sup> STEC: Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli*

<sup>e</sup> HUS: Hemolytic uremic syndrome

<sup>f</sup> ESRD: End-stage renal disease

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